

Modal Assessment Results

March 2001







Trans-Lake Washington Project

Modal Assessment Objectives

- Understand basic performance, impacts, and costs of individual alternatives
 - For the highway alternatives
 - compare between alternatives
 - refine (if necessary) connections and termini
 - For HCT alternatives
 - compare between alternatives
 - · refine alignments for further consideration
 - * Remember our objective with HCT is to determine if Sound Transit's Long Range Vision should be amended
 - For transportation demand management
 - continue development of a core strategy



Trans-Lake Washington Project

HCT Alternatives Results

• What did we learn about high capacity transit?



Trans-Lake Washington Project **HCT Alternatives** Transit Ridership Summary

Transit	Crossing Lake Washington (daily)
No Action	40,000
C1: Fixed-guideway HCT in SR 520	51,000 – 55,000
C1: Busway HCT in SR 520	53,000 – 55,000
C2: Fixed guideway on I-90	46,000 – 52,000
C3: Fixed guideway HCT on Mid-lake	49,000



Trans-Lake Washington Project **HCT Alternatives** PM Peak Period Transit Ridership Crossing Lake Washington

	EB (historical 'peak' commute)	WB ('reverse' commute)
No action	9,100	6,300
C1: Fixed guideway HCT in SR 520	9,600 – 10,700	8,000 – 9,600
C1: Busway HCT in SR 520	11,200 – 11,400	9,300 – 10,300
C2: HCT on I-90	9,300 – 11,000	7,500 – 8,500
C3: HCT Mid-lake	11,300	9,500



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HCT Alternatives *Impacts*

- I-90 crossing has least impacts
- SR 520 crossing has unavoidable parks & wetlands/habitat impacts at Montlake/Foster Island
- Mid-lake crossing would have construction impacts at portals
- All alternatives cross Sammamish River & Bear Creek



Trans-Lake Washington Project **HCT Alternatives** Capital Costs (2001)

Alternative	System	Lake	Total	Mitigation/	TDM
		Crossing	Costs	Enhancement	Program
SR 520	Fixed Guideway	\$190 M	\$3.8 - 5.2 B	\$330 - 3,500	TBD
SR 520	Bus Rapid Transit	\$340 M	\$3.7 - 4.8 B	\$330 - 3,500	TBD
1-90	Fixed Guideway	\$90 M	\$2.6 - 3.3 B	\$330 - 3,500	TBD
Mid-lake	Fixed Guideway	\$1-1.3 B	\$3.9 - 4.2 B	\$330 - 3,500	TBD

Costs do not include mitigation



Trans-Lake Washington Project **HCT Alternatives** SR 520 Fixed Guideway Findings

- Westside networks serving U-District generate significant intra-Seattle ridership
- Eastside network focused on Bellevue CBD best serves both intra-Eastside and Crosslake markets
- · Lake crossing costs relatively small portion of required investment
- High cost of Clyde Hill tunnel not justified by ridership gains



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HCT Alternatives SR-520 BRT Findings

- Both service concepts result in similar ridership
- Capital costs and ridership for BRT similar to Fixed Guideway
- All options result in Westside bus volumes requiring large capital investment or high utilization of surface street capacity



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HCT Alternatives I-90 Fixed Guideway Findings

- Requires significantly lower Westside investment
- Lake crossing costs relatively small portion of required investment
- Higher ridership achieved with direct Bellevue CBD routing
- Rail extension to Eastgate & Issaquah generates little new ridership compared to feeder bus and transfer at South Bellevue



Trans-Lake Washington Project **HCT** Alternatives Mid Lake Fixed Guideway *Findings*

- Lake crossing is high portion of capital cost
- Ridership similar to I-90 and SR-520
- High engineering and construction risk associated with deep underwater bored or untried floating submerged tunnel



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HCT Alternatives Conclusions

- I-90 has lowest cost and least environmental impacts with similar performance and should be advanced
- SR-520 alternatives avoid potential I-90 traffic impacts, have potentially higher intra-Seattle ridership and should be advanced.
- BRT alternatives have costs and ridership similar to Fixed Guideway and should be revised to use combined HOV/transit facilities where possible to reduce costs
- Mid Lake alternatives benefits do not offset high risks and costs and should be dropped



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Highway Alternatives

Alternatives Review

- Minimum Footprint - B-1
- B-2 1 HOV lane each direction - I-5 express lanes to SR 202
- 1 HOV lane and 1 GP lane each direction - B-3
 - same HOV lane configuration
 - GP from SR 202 to Eastlake (Fairview area)
- B-5 Bus only lanes
 - same configuration as HOV lanes



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Highway Alternatives Performance

Daily Trans-Lake Vehicle and Person Trip Volumes and Modal Split Screenline A: SR 520 Only							
Roadway Facility	Daily Vehicle Volumes			Daily Person Trip Volumes			
	Non- HOV	HOV (3+)	Commercial	Total	Non- HOV	HOV (3+)/Bus	Total
No Action	86,800	4,800	29,600	121,100	115,500 75.0%	38,400 25.0%	153,900 100.0%
Minimum Footprint	86,900	4,800	29,600	121,200	115,500 75.0%	38,400 25.0%	153,900 100.0%
HOV Lanes (B2) Connection to I-5 Express	89,400	11,500	30,000	130,900	119,000 57.6%	87,600 42.4%	206,600 100.0%
GP & HOV Lanes (B3) Added GP ends at Fairview/Eastlake and HOV connects to I-5 express	131,200	12,700	41,200	185,100	174,500 64.5%	96,200 35.5%	270,700 100.0%
Bus and Vanpool Only Lanes (B5)	87,300	3,900	29,400	120,600	116,200 69.4%	51,200 30.5%	167,400 100.0%



Trans-Lake Washington Project **Highway Alternatives** *Impacts*

- Eight lanes has largest footprint most impacts
- Minimum footprint has least impact
- Interchange option of cut and cover tunnel under Union Bay from Foster Island needs discussion with resource agencies



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Highway Alternatives Costs

Conceptual Capital Cost Estimates (Millions of 2001 Dollars) Costs do not include mitigation

Alternative	Mainline with Interchanges	Local Streets	Total	Mitigation/ Enhancements	TDM Programs
B-1. Minimum Footprin	\$1,060	\$10	\$1,280	\$330 - 3,500	TBD
B-2. HOV Lanes (I-5 Express lanes	\$2,440	\$120	\$3,050	\$330 - 3,500	TBD
B-3. HOV and GP Lanes (HOV terminus	\$5,200	\$550	\$6,070	\$330 - 3,500	TBD
B-5. Bus-only lanes (same configuration	\$2,440	\$120	\$3,050	\$330 - 3,500	TBD